

Year 1 Small Steps Breakdown



Areas of maths such as time, position and direction, times tables, number bonds and shape are to be referred to on a daily basis throughout the year during mental and oral brain breaks.

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Week	Focus	Small Steps	National Curriculum Objectives
1-2	Place Value to 10	 Sort objects, count objects and represent objects using comparative language. Count, read and write forwards and backwards from any number to 0 to 10. Count one more and one less One to one correspondence to start to compare groups Compare groups using language such as equal, more/greater, less/fewer. 	 Count to ten, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number. Count, read and write numbers to 10 in numerals and words. Given a number, identify one more or one less. Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least.
3-4	Addition and Subtraction	 Part-whole model Addition symbol Addition — adding together Addition — adding more Finding a part Subtraction — taking away, how many left? Crossing out Subtraction — taking away, how many left? Introducing the subtraction symbol. Subtraction — counting back 	 Represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 10. Read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (-) and equals (=) signs. Add and subtract one digit numbers to 10, including zero.

5-6	Geometry Shape and patterns	 Recognise and name 2D shapes Sort 2D shapes Recognise and name 3D shapes Sort 3D shapes Patterns with 3D and 2D shapes 	 Recognise and name common 2D shapes, including rectangles, circles and triangles. Recognise and name common 3D shapes including cuboids, pyramids and spheres.
7-8	Place Value to 20	 Count forwards and backwards and write numbers to 20 in numerals and words. Numbers from 11 to 20 Tens and ones Count one more and one less Compare numbers Introduce q,G and = symbols Introduce the number line Order groups of objects Order numbers Ordinal numbers (1st, 2nd, 3rd) 	 Count to twenty, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1 from any given number. Count, read and write numbers to 20 in numerals and words. Given a number, identify one more or one less. Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least.
9-10	Addition and Subtraction - Number facts	 Fact families — addition facts Find number bonds for number within 10. (e.g. number bonds for 9,8,7 etc) Systematic methods for number bonds within 10. Number bonds to 10 Compare number bonds Fact families — the 8 facts 	 Represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 10. Read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (-) and equals (=) signs. Represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20.
11-12	Counting in 2,5,10	 Count in 2s Count in 5s Count in 10s Make equal groups Add equal groups Solve one step multiplication problems using concrete objects. 	 Count in multiplies of twos, fives and tens. Solve one step problems involving multiplication, by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher.



Spring



Week	Focus	Small Steps	National Curriculum
1-2	Money (applying skills of counting 2,5 and 10)	 Consolidate counting in 2s,5s and 10s from previous term. Recognising coins Recognising notes Counting in coins 	 Count in multiplies of twos, fives and tens. Recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes.
3-4	Addition and subtraction within 20	 Add by counting on Find and make number bonds Add by making 10 Subtraction- Not Crossing 10 Subtraction - Crossing 10 (1) Subtraction - Crossing 10 (2) Related facts Compare number sentences 	 Represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20. Read, write and interpret mathematical statements, involving addition (+), subtraction (-) and equals (=) signs. Add and subtract one digit and two digit numbers to 20, including zero. Solve one step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete and pictorial representation, and missing number problems such as 7 = 9
5-6	Fractions	 Halving shapes or objects Halving a quantity Find a quarter of a shape or object Find a quarter of a quantity 	 Recognise, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object, shape or quantity. Recognise, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape or quantity.
7	Time	Before and afterDates	 Sequence events in chronological order using language such as: before and after, next, first, today, yesterday, tomorrow, morning, afternoon and evening.

			 Recognise and use language relating to dates, including days of the week, months and years.
8-9	Place Value to 50	 Numbers to 50 Tens and ones Represent numbers to 50 One more one less Compare objects within 50 Order numbers within 50 	 Count to 50 forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any number. Count, read and write numbers to 50 in numerals. Given a number, identify one more or one less. Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least.
10	Geometry (positional language)	Describe turnsDescribe position	 Describe position, direction and movement, including whole, half, quarter and three quarter turns.
11-12	Measurement: Length, mass, capacity	 Compare lengths and heights Measure length Introduce weight and mass Measure mass Compare mass Introduce capacity and volume Measure capacity Compare capacity 	 Measure and begin to record length/height, mass/weight, capacity and volume. Compare, describe and solve practical problems for length and heights Compare, describe and solve practical problems from mass/weight (heavy/light, heavier than, lighter than); capacity (full/empty, more than, less than).



Summer



School			
Week	Focus	Small Steps	National Curriculum
1-2	Place Value to 50- 100	 Counting to 100 Partitioning numbers Comparing numbers Ordering numbers One more, one less 	 Count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0, 1 or from any given number. Count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals. Given a number, identify one more and one less. Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, using the language of: equal to, more than, less than, most, least.
3-4	Addition and subtraction to 20	 Consolidation of addition and subtraction with 20, including in problem solving contexts. Use concrete apparatus and pictorial methods to solve simple problems related to addition to 20 and beyond (adding together, adding more) Use concrete apparatus and pictorial methods to solve simple problems related to subtraction to 20 and beyond (counting back) 	 Represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20. Read, write and interpret mathematical statements, involving addition (+), subtraction (-) and equals (=) signs. Add and subtract one digit and two digit numbers to 20, including zero. Solve one step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete apparatus and pictorial representation, and missing number problems such as 7 = q
5-6	Multiplication and Division	 Consolidate counting in steps of 2,5 and 10. Make arrays Make doubles Solve one step multiplication problems using concrete objects and pictorial representations. 	 Count in multiplies of twos, fives and tens. Solve one step problems involving multiplication, by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher.

7	Time	 Time to the hour Time to half hour Reading time Writing time 	 Tell the time to the hour and half past the hour and draw hands on a clock face to show these times Compare, describe and solve practical problems for time (for example, quicker, slower, earlier, later). Measure and begin to record time (hours, minutes, seconds)
8	Fractions recap	 Halving shapes or objects Halving a quantity Find a quarter of a shape or object Find a quarter of a quantity 	 Recognise, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object, shape or quantity. Recognise, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape or quantity.
9	Geometry: Shape	 Recognise and name 3D shapes Sort 3D shapes Recognise and name 2D shapes Sort 2D shapes Patterns with 3D and 2D shapes. 	 Recognise and name common 2D shapes such as: rectangles (including squares), circles and triangles. Recognise and name common 3D shapes such as: cuboids (including cubes), pyramids and spheres.
10-12	Multiplication and Division	 Make equal groups — sharing Make equal groups — grouping Solve one step division problems using concrete objects and pictorial representations. 	 Count in multiplies of twos, fives and tens. Solve one step problems involving division, by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher.